Modelt Account

OF THE

Present POSTURE of AFFAIRS

IN

ENGLAND,

VVith Particular Reference to the

Earl of Shaftsburys

C A S E:

And a VINDICATION of HIM from

Two Pretended Letters

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Noble Peer

or Frkeply to ye Second Keturne.

By a Person of Quality.

LONDON,
Printed for Richard Baldwin, MDCLXXXII.

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· CLONDON,

· Charlest MDC

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I find your Lording is neigood Judy of Styles, for I can affure you the I etter way nor the Earl of 5 --- s, and therefore you call to take his occasion of rading ar hus, studes you resolved to save charges, and don't at in you triplocally addressed by his interest of the resolution of the solution in the resolution of the solution in the resolution in the Earl was raifed from Hursen Fortune, when its well known his father, in 1630 long before the troubles had a and of the man bley blowed and more managed work manulive, it he ingha Kings fervice got his maintamance, or did lay up above half his Paternal Rever EAR L of SHAFTSBURIES CASE; And a VINDICATION of HIM from bas , two Pretended LETTERS of all a me , wift greement, much more lacred then any Act of Parliamont can be, and received tell your friends the Parlia fif your friends the Parlia fif your fiends the Parlia Promites.

Declarations, and langagements the Differenting Protes flants and a borts of his Majetty, his Lord, and his Bi-Thops, at the time of his coming over; author viM ey have been fince pled, and with what submission and Received yours, in Print by the Penny-Poft and expected the Date from R. Abbey, and not from New-Market, but I understand your Lordof thip hath given your Agents in this Town the Lye, and not retired to your Country house, upon the Dukes coming; but have rather Parted down to New-Market, with the new Hofama, of O Duke live for ever; which was some Years since to King live for ever.

The

I find your Lordship is no good Judg of Styles, for I can affure you the Letter was not the Earl of S----s, and therefore you do ill to take this occasion of railing at him, unless you are resolved to save charges, and do that in your own Person, which others are so unsuccessfully hir'd to. It is a notorious falle Testimony to say that Earl was raised from a mean Fortune, when its well known his father in 1630 long before the troubles had a revenue between 8 and 9000l. per mount. And I have heard him often say, he would yield himself to be the worst man alive, if he in the Kings service got his maintainance, or did lay up above half his Paternal Revenue, and I think for ble a man may be allowed at least, to be maintained in so great imployments; Neither do I undestand that malicious hint of merited severity, it was never applied to any man that had one of the chief hands in refloring a Prince to his Kingdom; as I know he had and without whose courage and dexterity, some men the most highly rewarded, had done otherwise them they did; therefore I have heard him fay often, that the Act of Oblivion was an Act of the Kings honour and Juflice, as well as his Mercy ? it being a Treaty, and Agreement, much more facred then any Act of Parliament can be, and I must tell your Lordship, and your Friends the Papilts; that if you confider what Promiles, Declarations, and Engagements the Differting Protestants had; both of his Majesty, his Lords, and his Bishops, at the time of his coming over; and how they have been fince used, and with what submission and Loyalty they have carried themselver; you will not find Parallel Inflance. A mont smill out bood

on Bur your Lordships business is, to keep your Hounds in full cry, against the pretended Affociation, for fince you cannot find one really in being; a red-herring from your own Kitching, must be hunted and trail d through the Kingdom, to make a noise.

The

The malice is more then the wit in the matter. You have broken down your Gates in the Chace, and made so many---- Gaps in your own hedges, that your Cattle are broke out and come to the Pound; and what fort of Beaft you trade in will be discovered. Tis an Impudence beyond the Jeluites, to fay that nothing was more exactly provide nothing more unquestionable and free from disputes, then that the Association was feiz'd in the Earls Closet; Gryn himself neither does nor date politively swear it, and its Judged in that great case of Monfieur Fouquet, that a man is not answerable for Papers feiz d when he is refus d to deliver them upon Inventory. Fouquets enemies were not more bloudy and inverterate then the Earls, nor the concern of Stare against him higher: And yet the Law of Manire and Reason, can never subject a man to so unreasonable a danger. Befides was it ever heard that ever any man was question ed for a loofe Paper, without any hand to it, found in his Study, that cannot be proved to this day, nor ever will, that he ever faw, read, or conferred with any abouries Neither is it to be proved notwithflanding all this Popilh Clamour and Abhorrours that ever any one man did ever Sign, or AC upon it, or any thing like it. But your Lordship is very plain in the matter, and would have the Parliament men in the House of Commons who promoted the Affociation; have their heads advanced to the house top. I do not doubt but your Lordship and your friends the PAPISTS are of that mind; but 'tis for some other Votes they then made of declaring Enemies to the King and Kingdom, for otherwife your Lordship and some of your friends, are as much guilty; as any of the house of Commons, of the Affociation. It being to be proved that the Affociation, and the banishing the Duke for ever, was your Lordthips proposition in the Lords house in the last Westerinher Parliament. The first usedy disliked by the Earl of Shaftsbury as no expedient they could trust in, fince

your Lordship and others of your make, could not be kept from being in the head of itoy But those eminent and Worthy Persons of the Earl of Shaftsbury's Tary must be railed at vac any Rate Ver where your Lord! thip found that Two of the Jury thould fay This is the same with that which we saw produced and promoted in the Honfe if COMMODIS pricamou rell. I am fure there is no fuch Expressions in the Proceedings at the Old Baily Publish by Authority But between the Veracity of a Condemned Jefuite in Newgate, and that of a Statef-man, mark'd out by a Vote of the Houle of Commons for an Energy to the King and Kingdom, lee here is no great odds. Your Lord hip hath great Reason to be angry for I confess they spoil'd the best Delign was ever laid byoa damn'd Popish Party. The Government which you call according to Law, with the Help of Irib Witneffer and well cholen Juries, should have delivered you from all the bhonest, worthy and confiderable Protestants of England , for tis plainly con felt by your Lordship how far you meant to go; tis a Thousand pities that the Chy-Charter were not gone, and that your Dordhip, might not have the Marning of She rifts for Lundon and Middlefex, and then tis plain what Juflice we should have for our Lives and Fortune The Mafters of the Companies would then be Hanged with the Journey men And Sheriff Pilkinton's Conscientious Surve Tury abrould be found at every Affizes Hight hundred polind Damages given to fuch a Fellow that proved not a Penny Damage received or possible to be reor leme unier Votes they then niked beviso

But fince your Lordship hath had so great and good a Design spoiled. I cannot blame you to be angry; but I would very fain guess what you would next be at, or whether your Patience will hold out till the City-Charter be taken away; which I assure my felf will be long before it be done, I fear you will resort to back the Patennal, in flure blues your managers on a continue to the

WEID!

tern in the Mount: And follow the President of your Bloody Predecessors, before that CHARTER be taken away) the Gueles in FRANCE, Cut Our throats and condemn us after; fince we will not quietly be condemned first and hanged after; I am fure this is the next step can reasonably be expected from Men of your Conscience, and from the Principles and Interest you are carrying on! Neither let any one blame me for minding you of it; for I believe it hath been long in your mind and often in your thoughts, and therefore I thought it more necessary to warn others of what you are most likely to do. And fince you talk fo much of Loyalty and Love to Your Prince, I pray God preserve the KING and keep him out of your and all Papifts bloody lation; We nover doubt bury Hands.---

I beg to know to what purpole your Lordship recites? That my Lord Shaftsbury was Lord Chanceller, do you quarrel at any of His Decrees of Actions then, or wherein did he not execute that Office as a Great and Good Man should, and what doth your Lordship mean by the certain frict Test for the Discovery of Popery, opposed by that Lord in Parliament, the Test that was passed a gainst Popery (which every Officer is obliged to take) is notoriously known was principally promoted by Him: If your Lordship mean the other Bill of the Test which He opposed, itis the fame with what Somebody hath passed lately Somewhere, and is a Great Step to the Deftruction of the Protestant Religion. The Truth is there are so many of these downright Popish Touches in your Paper, That I sometimes doubt, whether it be Your Lord hips or no? fince You are but a young Convert, and yet they fay young Profetytes are the fiercest; But this Paper must come from a PAPIST or Voted Enemy to the King and Kingdom, fince you tell us, that you would have the Days of DISSOLVING the Two last Parlie aments kept Festival Anniversarily Juin Commemoration of your Deliverance from those Great and Apparent Dangers,

Dangers, wherewith you were encompassed, whilst they were in SESSION; None but such Fellows and

their Faction being then in Danger.

But I find your Lordship extream angry at the Word FACTION; fince you will please to have it, that your Worthy ABHORRERS and ADDRESSORS are not a FACTION, but the Total of the Kings Subjects, who Configentiously respect their own Duty and the General Welfare; pray, my Lord, let us examine this Excellent Polition of your Lordships setting aside your Heat and Railing. Does your Lordship think that the choice of SHERIFFS, the great care in returning select Men for Grand Juries; The Arts that were us'd to draw many of them into these Abhorrences, are not well known to All the Nation; We never doubt but you have choice of Gentlemen so make SHERIFFS fit for your TURN, and they if they prove ill MEN, may find Rosues to make Under-Sheriffs in every County: Neither is it doubted that Seventeen or Eighteen Men may be found in most Counties, for your Turn; although in some (and those great Counties too) you could not find above Thirteen, and in leveral other Counties you have failed absolutely, and yet all this will not speak your PARTY The Hundred Part of the Nation. Hath your Lordinip found out another way to make a Distinction between the SENSE of the Nation, and that of a Dangerous PARTY, than that of the House of Commons An Will you tell Me, Than a PARLIAMENT cholen against all the Opposition, Industry, Power and Money of the COURT, is not the SENSE of Greatest Part of the NATION & Will your Lord Inp. affirm, That this is a FACTION, and your Lord hip the PAPISTS, the D.of Y. and his Creatures, are the only Loyal Subjects to the King and Government. And what fort of People thele make up may be guess'd by what you profess your felf for : A Government infinitely worse than that in Turker; wherein the Law

shall be of no other Use, (if it may be as your Lordship would have it,) but as a Mask to the Princes worst Actions and Tyranny. Our Religion, Estates. Lives and Liberties, your Lord hip would have to be Subjected to the Will of the Prince, who being a Man is as capable and lyable to be extreamly Ill as any other, tho bleffed be God, for our Good King; belides what Law you allow to this King (who is an Excellent and the Best of PRINCES) as your King, must be allowed to the next, though He be the worst in Nature: And yet You will find out a Way, Your felf to Name to the KING Judges, Sheriffs, and JURIES, and so then all things shall certainly go as the Court and Great Men order; tis already to compleat in S--, where the Proverb is, Show me the Man and I will tell you the Cause. This is a Way that no Sober, or honest Men were ever for in any Country. The Zeal of your Lordship to preserve the Greatness of your Duke, his Zeal to get a Crown, and of the PAPISTS to introduce their Religion, bath outgone by many Degrees, all that ever went before my is compleated, and years helden liber

I Acknowledg it the Kings Prerogative to CALL Parliaments, but Edward the III. tells us He was Iworn by his Coronation-Oath to provide Remedy in Parliament upon Great Emergencies. And onr Laws have been very careful to Fix the Frequency of them: And its that only COURT that can keep all the reft uleful to the King and People: They are brave Spirits indeed, and bleft with a Torish Humility, or rather stupid Folly, if not wicked, Villanous Designs, that are uncontained when a PARLIANTENT should be called, and leave it to the PRINCE, whether He please to have any or no without affording Him their dvice.

The LAW hath given us a Right (nay 'tis our chiefest Birth-right, and without which we have nothing lest us, but are meer slaves) to PARLIAMENTS within such a distance of Time: The Prince hath the Prerogative of appointing the Day; and Dissolving when the Business is done: But the Prince (some think) is obliged that we have Parliaments within our Time, and continued so as may be of effect to provide Remedies for the Emergent Evils. His Prerogative of Appointing the Day, we hope, will not deprive us of our Right of having them in such a Time, Neither will His Power to DISSOLVE them, we hope, Render them USELESS to Us.

I am heartily forry your Lordship is so ill instructed in the Protestant Religion, That you ask what it is? but you profes, That Your Jelf and your Fellow-Addressors and Abhorrers are zealous for the Religion by LAW Established in the Church of ENGLAND, so then you do not know the Protestant Religion, but Religion by LAW Established you are very well acquainted with. What fecurity will your Lord hip give, That when your Army is compleated, and your Militia Abhorrers and Ad dressors Mustered, That you will not tell Us, The Religion Established by LAW in the Church of England is the Old Popish Religion setled by Magna Charta, which is not Repealable by any future Act. For this Good Old Cause, your Lordship and Friends hath nurst up the King of France to this height, He is now in Christendom, and all Europe is abundantly in your Debt for it.

Quantum Religio potuit suadere Malorum!

I Own my self a friend to the Dissouring Protestants, until your Lordship can find out an Infallible decider of points of FAITH.——I can give men leave to dissert from me in opinion, whilst they live soberly and honestly by me.——There are none I know so inconsistent with Government as the PAPIST; who owns a Forreign Jurisdiction, and dissolves all Natural Religion to introduce his Own.—And though your Lordship is pleased to add the word Rebel to the Name PROTESTANT; yet it will agree much better with the Papists, whose Religion is Rebellion; and its impossible to find one true Subject of them in the World, (to any but the Pope) if they believe their own Religion.

I find your Lordfor is very kind to Court Converts, and will very freely palk over the Blackness of all their former Transattions; and you have great Reason, since you are to lately one your self: But be not deluded, the Papifts think not as you think, they never forgive Pall Offences .--- Argile cannot be forgiven the being his Fathers Son. --- Nor the Duke of L- will not be forgiven the having brought the COVENANT into England. Two will find hereafter that 'twill be remembred he fat in Olivers Parliaments. And I should tell your Lordship, that you may fuffer hereafter by a string of fome bodies providing; but that my skill in Aftrology hath told me, a Garter of your own uleing ox. ---- The jealous Churchmen that Govern the Popish Interest never forgive, especially Men capable of thinking and judging other things, then they would have them.

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Your Lordhib is extreamly our, when you all use that the affociations in Queen E LIZAR THE THE time, were entred into with her Content and Erugity; when the Queen her felf, in her speech to the PARLIAMENT, in the two ty eight year of her Reign: Did protest before God, that he never heard or thought of such matter, being wholly ignorant of it ultimates and scales of the greatest in the Land. But you are pleased to call the several PARLIAMENTS, that about that time, so extreamly opposed the SUCCESSION of Mar, Queen of Scots a PURITAN GANG, and have found out a Clergy, Nobility, and Gentry, in the Clouds, that were of another opinion, no question there were some and great store of PAPISTS in those days, but I am sure the PARLIAMENT were violently against her life too; for it was then daily experienced, that the Queen was not late, whilst she Head of so desperate and bloudy a Religion as the PAPISTS was in being.

Pray, My Lord, let me ask you freely, is not this the very Case now? Twas the Opinion of our PARLIAMENTS, and the truth appears every day more and more. Pray let us hear your Lord, hip make a difference between the Case of Queen ELIZABETH, and her POPISH SUCCESSOR, Mary Queen of Scots: (which your self have so wisely Instanced in and brought upon the Stage) and our Case at this present juncture. Have the PAPISTS appeared less Bloudy in their designs since that time? Have they less Passion for introducing their Religion? Did the Queen of Scots discover more Ambition for the Crown of England,

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when Outens hands and the cultury, with had not the stands and the cultury, with had not the stands and the cultury, with had not the stands and the cultury and additional three brings and additional three brings and additional three cultures and additional three cultures and additional three cultures and the stands and the cultures are considered and the cultures are considered as a considered and the cultures are considered as a considered and the cultures are considered as a considered and considere

But now let us have one Word about the D.

We are all Witnesses of the KINGS Marriage y the Advice (as was reported) of the Dukes Father in Law, to a LADY of great Birth, but such as (it is said) the Spanish Embassador then undertook to prove could have no CHILDREN: And immediately upon this Marriage, we are all Witnelles to our unspeakable forrow, what followed, which I will not here Perticularize; His unparrallel'd love to his Prince, appears in all this, and in nothing more then the Civil Treatment the KING at this hour receives from him and his Parthe throngs that tend the one, whilst the Other walks the streets with two or three Pages of his backstayres: Our KING is the first instance that ever I read off, that hath by those about him, been perswaded to be fo willing to settle indubitably the TITLE of his Presumptive Herr; But undoubtedly his MAJESTY hath better Reasons for it then we know of; Our King is not only an excellent well bred Gentleman, but a man of great Abilities and Courage, Three things One that looks High wants: When ever the King defires it He will not want Hundreds of Thousands to dye

(12)

at his Feet : Multitudes do adore him that bete and God blefs the King, and give him yet more and more the Spirit of discerning his laterest and Friends, and the Courage to deliver himself from the hands of all unworthy bale TRAYTORS would encompals Him, Shall ever be the hearty Propers of jon and when the but hold! I make not run the Parallel too lead by making too great a Relemblance, i of the vor LOEDSHIP to make it

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POST-SCRIPT.

NE Thing I had almost forgot, which is this, that it shews, in my Opinion, very mean and degrading for a Person in your Lordships Station, to be continually troubling the Press with little Pamphlets, as if your Lordhip had nothing to do, but to vent every conceit and quaint Notion that comes into your Head in Letters to your Friend: The General Conduct-pipe that conveys Whom and Fancy noise a days chrough the Nation. That many Great State from have been famous for cherishing and encouraging the Formenters of Diffraction and Diff fentions 40 as, their deveral Insents by affect them the Stories of their Livendenlane, however their they als ways shood behind the Curain grand played teat in fighe themselves .. But for your Lord floip to turn Paper meter, and thruft bown fell among the Ebrong of Tiem-Smilleng Theirs an eagemels of appearing among the Rabble, mil-becoming worth Goundals. b. It looks like Nermamong the Biders But your Lordinip gives fome Reason for your Condefention For tisplain from your Writings of That your Countels have been HUSHID, that is no fay, have proved unfortunate; touthing them upon the tool light of Endeavouring to

therefore in point of HONOUR you can do no less than defend the Natural Issue of your Brain, and therefore it is, that you cannot chuse but sume and fret to see a PLOT so well laid prove so inesses can.

But whether you have done either politickly, or prudently to lay your felf open to the World, by venting your Peaks and diles staction against the Durlings of all rue English Me, that value their Lives and Liberties, I mean JURY-MEN of Integrity and Confcience, your Lo dship best knows. However your Lordship's Moral Philosophy deems to fair you very much, face your Lordship cannot but kingwhow odly and priciously Forme behaves her self inchis World on The Mischief one is, and that which grieves me most that your Lord-Thip; the only Eminent Lord in England for putting Pen to Paper, unless the Lord Caftlemain, should be holes unfortunate in your Argument than in your Counfels by Undertaking to Cavil with Confedence; which there your Lordship lay what you can as that which multi-Govern the Peace and Tranquility of this unruly Sublunary Spots Had it been a The fishin Philosophy converging the Ebbing and Flowing of the Seasor in Mathematicks, aconcerning the Probability of the Elying Engine, at had been but manners to have granted your Lordship the point. But where the National Concerns of Life and Liberty are at fake, we cannot bate your Lordship an Ages Your Lordfhip would do well to confider that you Live in an Abbey; and cherefore if dou do noc like it; you had betteh lellit, than fit contriving ways to have it taken away. Gertainly Ambition was never at a greater height than now, while men afpire not only to Quint one another, but to Outwit themselves, the Impulse of Jesuitch! Sublimity putting them upon the fond Toyle of Endeavouring to furpals

furpals Humanity, and to spin out the Thread of Politick to that Invisibility, till it snap with its own Fineness. These are the Snares, which the cunning Tesuits have laid for Us Englishmen, whose duller Apprehensions, as they believe, not being able to reach their Seraphick Acuteness, they laugh to think what sport they shall have to vapour over our unwary Politicians, when hampered in the Vulcans Nets of their own framing. But if your Lord-Thip, who has the applause of being a Divine as well as a Polititian, would but confider how eafily Tricks and Subtleties are obviated by a Noble, Generous, and Magnanimous honesty, the best of all Policies in the world we might then by your good Counsel, hope to see a siting Parliament again, which is only dreadful to the conscious, like General Councels to the Pope, where your Lord (hip might fit fafe for what your Vertues, not your Failings deserve.